

## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 7:

(11) International Publication Number:

WO 00/50732

E21B 43/10

A1 (43) International Publication Date:

31 August 2000 (31.08.00)

(21) International Application Number:

PCT/US00/04683

(22) International Filing Date:

24 February 2000 (24.02.00)

(30) Priority Data:

60/121,452

24 February 1999 (24.02.99)

US

(71) Applicant: SHELL OIL COMPANY [US/US]; 900 Louisiana, P.O. Box 2463, Houston, TX 77252-2463 (US).

(72) Inventors: NAZZAI, Gregory, Richard; 3918 Laurel Rock Drive, Kingwood, TX 77345 (US). FRANK, Timothy, John; 16211 Hickory Point Road, Houston, TX 77095 (US). COON, Robert, Joe; 4603 Misty Hollow Drive, Missouri City, TX 77459 (US).

(74) Agent: STEINBERG, Beverlee, G.; Shell Oil Company, 900 Louisiana, P.O. Box 2463, Houston, TX 77252-2463 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

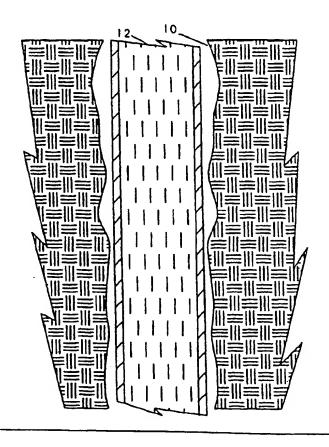
Published

With international search report.

(54) Title: SELECTIVE ZONAL ISOLATION WITHIN A SLOTTED LINER

(57) Abstract

Selective isolation of a zone within a slotted liner completion of a wellbore is accomplished by expanding the original slotted liner to the full inner diameter of the wellbore into the annular area normally found around slotted liners. At least one solid tubular is run into the expanded area of the slotted liner and expanded at least in that section of the wellbore to be isolated. A custom expandable slotted liner can be run and expanded within the existing expanded slotted liner if excessive splits or rips should occur in the existing slotted liner due to expansion. Epoxies, rubber, or other scaling materials can also be utilized to better effect a seal between the liners.



## FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

L.	Albania	ES.	Spain	LS	Lesotho	SI	Manusia.
M	Armenia	FI	Pinland	LT	Lithuania	SK	Slovenia
T	Austria	FR	Prance	LU	Luxembourg	SN	Slovakia
LU.	Australia	GA	Gabon	LV	Latvia	SZ	Senegal Senegal
Z	Azerbaijan	GB	United Kingdom	MC	Mosaco	TD	Swaziland
A	Bosnia and Herzegovina	GB	Georgia	MD	Republic of Moldova	TG	Chad
В	Barbados	GH	Ghana	MG	Madagascar		Togo
E	Belgium	CN	Guinea	MK	The former Yugoslav	TJ TM	Tajikistan
F	Burkina Faso	GR	Greece		Republic of Macedonia	TR	Turkmenistan
G	Bulgaria	HU	Hungary	ML	Mali	TT	Turkey
ม	Benin	IR	Ireland	MN	Mongolia	UA	Trinidad and Tobago
R	Brazil	11.	Israel	MR	Mauritania	UG	Ukraine
Y	Belanis	IS	Iceland	MW	Malawi	US	Uganda
A	Canada	IT	Raly	MX	Mexico		United States of America
F	Central African Republic	JP	Japan	NE	Niger	UZ VN	Uzbekistan
C	Congo	KE	Кепуа	NL	Netherlands	YU	Vict Nam
H	Switzerland	KC	Kyrgyzstan	NO	Norway	zw	Yugoslavia
ı	Côte d'Ivoire	KP	Democratic People's	NZ	New Zealand	24	Zimbabwe
M	Cameroon		Republic of Korea	PL	Poland		
N	China	KR	Republic of Korca	PT	Portugal		
U	Cuba	KZ	Kazakatan	RO	Romania.		
7	Czech Republic	LC	Saint Lucia	RU	Russian Federation		
E	Germany	u	Liechtenstein	50	Sudan Federation		
K	Denmark	LK	Sri Lanka	SE	Sweden		
R	Estonia	LR	Liberia	SC SC	Singapore		

#### DESCRIPTION

# SELECTIVE ZONAL ISOLATION WITHIN A SLOTTED LINER

#### Technical Field

The present invention relates to a method to provide isolation within a zone of a wellbore lined with a slotted liner by placing an expandable liner within the zone to be isolated.

#### 5 Background Art

10

There is a great deal of prior art relating to isolating portions of a wellbore for various reason. For example, a zone may be producing water or gas and needs to be shut off for more effective production of the petroleum being recovered. Also, a zone may be producing sand or collapsing and creating debris and needs to be isolated to maintain and efficient operation. However, different problems arise when the wellbore has been completed with the insertion of a known slotted liner.

One example of the prior art is U.S. Pat. No. 5,366,012

which describes a method of completing uncased sections of a wellbore by placing, at a predetermined position in the wellbore, a liner which is provided with a plurality of overlapping slots. The upper end of the liner is fixed in place and an upwardly tapering expansion mandrel is drawn upwardly through the slotted liner expanding it outwardly to engage the walls of the wellbore. This circumferentially outward movement is facilitated by the opening of the slots, together with a slight shortening of the overall length of the liner. Slotted liner completions of this type leave an annular area around the slotted liner which makes zonal selectivity nearly impossible.

Another suitable method for sealing between a lining and wellbore, casing or pipeline is shown in U.S. Pat. No. 5,494,106. This patent describes a deformable annular seal which

is lowered into the wellbore in a deformed or contracted state, which does not impede insertion. Once in place the seal is expanded. During expansion of the seal it is hardened to form a substantially permanent repair.

Another method for lining a casing is shown in U.S. Pat. No. 5,454,419 in which a tubular polymeric material is lowered into the wellbore in a stretched condition, due to a series of weights attached to the leading or bottom end. When properly positioned, the weights are released and the tubular material returns to its normal condition in which it presses against the walls to the wellbore.

#### Disclosure of the Invention

5

10

15

25

30

The present invention provides a method to provide selective isolation within a zone of a well lined with an expanded slotted liner, comprising the steps of:

fully expanding said expanded slotted liner within the wellbore to contact substantially the entire surface of the wellbore adjacent said liner;

placing at least one additional expandable substantially imperforate liner within a zone of the original expanded liner to be isolated; and

expanding said at least one additional expandable liner into sealing contact with the original expanded slotted liner at least adjacent the ends of the zone to be isolated whereby the desired zone of the wellbore is isolated from the formation.

The selective zonal isolation system of the present invention can be utilized within a slotted liner completion to selectively isolate, either permanently or temporarily, sections of the wellbore for such applications as fluid shutoff or stimulation purposes. The subject selective zonal isolation system works by first expanding an existing slotted liner in the wellbore to the full inner diameter of the hole. Then one or more

solid tubular members are run into the expanded area and are expanded at least in that section of the wellbore to be isolated.

It is also possible to use expandable packers to selectively isolate the section. Additionally, if excessive splits or rips should occur in the existing slotted liner, after expansion, a custom second expandable slotted liner can be run into the wellbore and expanded within the original expanded slotted liner. Epoxies, rubber, or other sealing materials can also be utilized to better effect a seal. The same methodology could also be utilized in solid uncemented pipe sections to increase the effective wellbore radius. Benefits are sealing or zonal isolation of existing slotted liner, perforated pipe, sand control device or open hole or other completion system.

#### Brief Description of the Drawings

5

10

30

The present invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

Fig. 1 is a vertical section through a portion of a wellbore with an expandable liner in place;

Fig. 2 is a vertical section similar to Fig. 1 showing 20 the wellbore after expansion of the liner;

Fig. 3 is a vertical section of the same well with the secondary liner in position; and

Fig 4. Is a vertical section through the well of Fig. 3 with the sealing liner in place.

## 25 <u>Detailed Description of a Preferred Embodiment</u>

The wellbore 10 (Figs. 1 and 2) has a first expandable liner 12 in place and running through a zone of the wellbore to be isolated. Generally this first liner, when expanded, does not fully contact all surfaces of the wellbore and it can contain a number of tares and/or rents in the slots. A second liner 14 (Figs. 3 and 4) is inserted into the wellbore and positioned to cover at least the zone of the wellbore 10 to be isolated. Then

the second liner 14 is expanded to sealing engage the first expanded slotted liner 12 sealing the openings therein to isolate that portion of the wellbore. This sealing can be improved by the addition of sealing materials (not shown), such as epoxies, rubber and the like.

While only a single second liner 14 has been shown, it is within the scope of the present invention to include insertion of more than one second liner. It is also within the scope of the invention that these second liners have physical characteristics different from one another so that, for example, a first liner would have characteristics suitable for withstanding high pressures while the next liner would have characteristics suitable for withstanding erosive effects of the flow through the wellbore.

10

30

It should be noted when any slotted liner is expanded, many things can happen to it since wellbores are never smooth cylinders. For example, while it is hoped that the majority of the slots will open as expected allowing the slotted liner to expand, the wellbore walls are never uniform and expansion will be at various rates in different directions and for different distances. This variation in expansion can stress the slotted liner producing tares, rents and other openings which, while not adversely affecting the task of the slotted liner, can result in problems for subsequently sealing portions of the wellbore protected by such a slotted liner.

The selective zonal isolation system of the present invention can be utilized within a slotted liner completion to selectively isolate, either permanently or temporarily, sections of the wellbore for such applications as fluid shutoff or stimulation purposes. Current slotted liner completions leave an annular area around the slotted liner which makes zonal selectivity nearly impossible. The selective zonal isolation

system according to the present invention works by first expanding the current slotted liner to the full inner diameter of the wellbore, running at least one solid tubular liner into the expanded area and expanding at least that section of the tubular liner in the area to be isolated. Additionally, if excessive splits or rips should occur in the existing slotted liner after expansion, a custom expandable slotted liner (not shown) can be run into the wellbore and expanded within the existing expanded slotted liner. Epoxies, rubber, or other sealing materials (also not shown) can also be utilized to better effect a seal between the expanded slotted liner and the tubular liner.

10

15

20

25

30

The same methodology of the present invention could also be utilized in solid uncemented pipe sections to increase the effective wellbore radius.

While a metal tubular liner has been shown in the drawings, the liner is not so limited. The tubular liner could be made from a wide variety of metals and plastics materials. For example, a memory metal could be used. The tubular liner would be formed on the surface, deformed for insertion into the wellbore, and reformed when in position. Likewise, the tubular liner could be formed and folded or compressed and later expanded or reformed when it position by use of a mechanical device such as a mandrel or an inflatable member, or by a hydro-pneumatic force, including an explosive force.

Benefits of the present invention include sealing or zonal isolation of existing slotted liner, perforated pipe, sand control device or open hole or other completion system.

The present invention may be subject to many modifications and changes which would occur to one skilled in the art. Thus, the described embodiment should be considered in all

respects as illustrative and not restrictive of the scope of the subject invention as defined by the accompanying claims.

6

5

10

20

25

#### CLAIMS

1. A method to provide selective isolation within a zone of a well lined with an expanded slotted liner, comprising the steps of:

fully expanding said expanded slotted liner within the wellbore to contact substantially the entire surface of the wellbore adjacent said liner;

placing at least one additional expandable substantially imperforate liner within a zone of the original expanded liner to be isolated; and

expanding said at least one additional expandable liner into sealing contact with the original expanded slotted liner at least adjacent the ends of the zone to be isolated whereby the desired zone of the wellbore is isolated from the formation.

- 2. The method according to claim 1 wherein said sealing is permanent.
  - 3. The method according to claim 1 or 2 wherein said at least one additional expandable liner is inserted in a compressed condition and released when in position, or is inserted in a collapsed condition and expanded when in position.
  - 4. The method according to any of claims 1-3 wherein said at least one additional expandable liner is formed of a memory retentive material which is initially formed, then deformed to allow insertion into the wellbore, and its memory activated to expand the liner to its original shape and seal the selected zone of the wellbore.
  - 5. The method according to any of claims 1-4 wherein said at least one expandable liner is formed from metal or a plastics material.
- 6. The method according to any of claims 1-5 wherein each said at least one expandable liner has different physical characteristics from a preceding liner whereby different

7

characteristics of flow through the wellbore, such as pressure and erosion, can be addressed.

7. The method according to any of claims 1-6 wherein said expansion is accomplished by use of a mandrel, an explosive force, or pressurized fluid.

8. The method according to any of claims 1-7 further comprising the step of:

applying sealing materials to effect a better seal between said slotted liner and said at least one expandable liner.

10

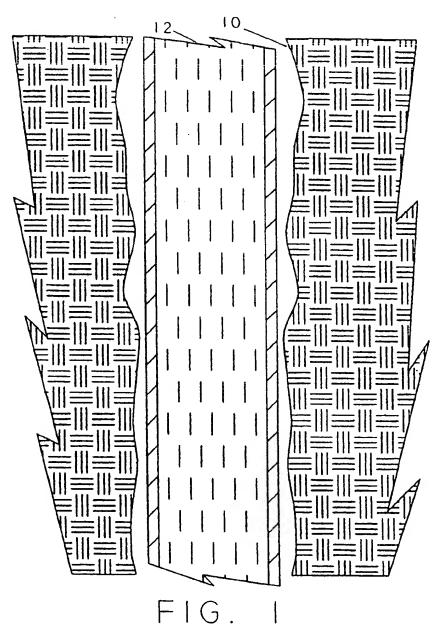
15

9. A selective zonal isolation system which can be utilized to selectively isolate, either permanently or temporarily, sections of a wellbore within a slotted liner completion for such applications as fluid shutoff or stimulation purposes, comprising:

expanding the existing slotted liner to substantially that of the inner diameter of the wellbore;

running at least one expandable imperforate liner into the zone to be isolated; and

expanding said at least one liner to sealingly engage said slotted liner at least adjacent the ends of said zone to be isolated.



.

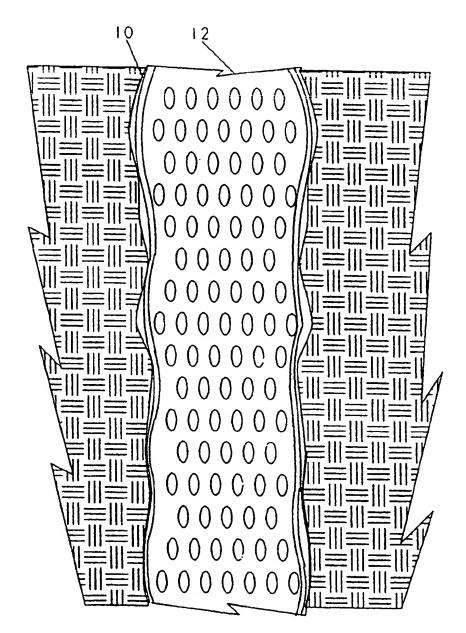


FIG. 2

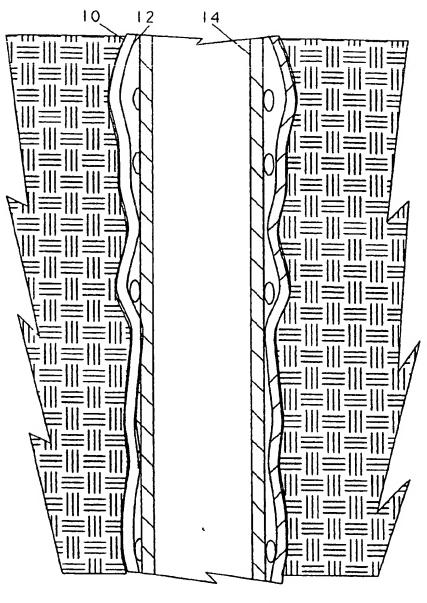
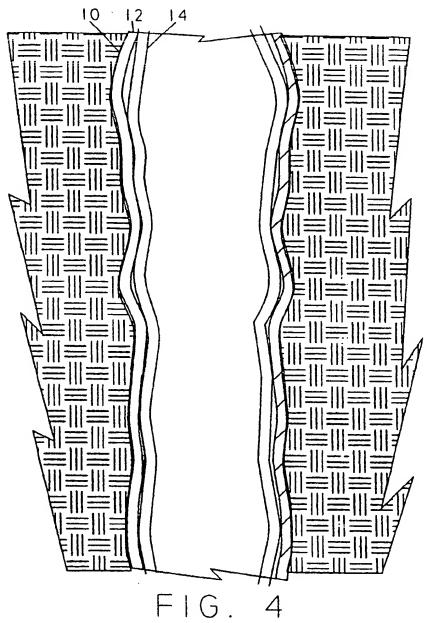


FIG. 3



# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/US 00/04683

	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER E21B43/10		
According to	o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national describe	don and IPC	
	SEARCHED		
IPC /	commentation searched (classification system followed by classification E218		
	ton searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that as at a base consulted during the international search (name of data base		ed .
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the rela	went passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 4 865 127 A (KOSTER CHARLES H) 12 September 1989 (1989-09-12) column 1, line 40 - line 55		1,9
A	US 4 872 509 A (DICKINSON BEN W 0 10 October 1989 (1989-10-10) column 4, line 68 -column 5, line column 5, line 66 -column 6, line	4	1,9
Α	US 3 918 520 A (HUTCHISON STANLEY 11 November 1975 (1975-11-11) abstract	0)	1,9
- Furt	har documents are Sated in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are Ested in an	Yez,
• Orandal or	lander of clad days and		
"A" docume consider "E" eeriler of filing of "L" docume which citation "O" docume "P" docume	and defining the general state of the art which is not idented to be of particular relevance focus on the international late.  In the published on or after the international late on the published on priority obtain(e) or is ofted to establish the publication date of another or or other special reason (as especified) and referring to an onei disclosure, use, exhibition or means and published prior to the international filing date but	"I" later document published after the internation priority date and not in conflict with the cited to understand the principle or theory invention."  "X" document of particular relevance; the claims cannot be considered novel or cannot be a involve an inventive step when the document of particular relevance; the claims cannot be considered to involve an inventity document is combined with one or more of ments, such combined with one or more of ments, such combined to being obvioue to in the art.	application but underlying the ad invention considered to ant is taken alone ad invention ve stap when the ther such docu- a person eidlied
		*8* document member of the same patent famil	<b>y</b>
	June 2000	Date of mailing of the international search 14/06/2000	report
Name and	mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaen 2	Authorized officer	<u>·</u>
	NL = 2290 HV Filler(); Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ri, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Garrido Garcia, M	

". TENUTIAL SEARCH KEPUKI

eviormation on patent tamily members

Interr. vel Application No \_\_\_\_\_\_
PCT/US 00/04683

			PC1/US 00/04683			
Patent doo cited in sear		Publication date	P	atent family member(s)	Publication data	
US 4865	127 A	12-09-1989	AU	2942389 A	11-08-1989	
			CA	1310261 A	17-11-1992	
			EP	0357711 A	14-03-1990	
			NO	893597 A	07-09-1989	
			WO	8906738 A	27-07-1989	
US 4872	509 A	10-10-1989	US	4750561 A	14-06-1988	
			AU	605122 B	10-01-1991	
			AU	6673286 A	25-06-1987	
			BR	8606305 A	06-10-1987	
			CA	1297782 A	24-03-1992	
			DE	3686478 A	24-09-1992	
			DE	3686478 T	21-01-1993	
			EP	0227456 A	01-07-1987	
			MX	160919 A	19-06-1990	
			US	4865128 A	12-09-1989	
			US	5035285 A	30-07-1991	
US 3918	520 A	11-11-1975	AU	502025 B	12-07-1979	
			AU	8531975 A	07-04-1977	
			CA	1034489 A	11-07-1978	
			NL	7511520 A	01-04-1976	
			NO	753294 A,B,	31-03-1976	
			US	3960212 A	01-06-1976	

Form PCTABA210 (patent family annies) (July 1902)

# This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning Operations and is not part of the Official Record

#### **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

□ BLACK BORDERS
□ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
□ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
□ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
□ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
□ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
□ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
□ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
□ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY

### IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

☐ OTHER:

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.